



eco-INSTITUT Germany GmbH

Laborprüfung
Laboratory testing

DELIUS GmbH & Co. KG
Goldstrasse 16 - 18
33602 Bielefeld
Deutschland

Test Report No. 60740-A002-FVO-L

Test objective:	Proof of conformity with the French VOC- and CMR-regulation
Article designation according to order:	Ecoline Two (Artikel-Nr. 12000689)
Date of report:	23/03/2026
Number of pages of report:	16
Testing / responsible laboratory:	eco-INSTITUT Germany GmbH, Köln
Test objective fulfilled:	✓ Class A+
Note:	The test results in the report refer exclusively to the test sample submitted by the manufacturer. The report is not permitted to be used in product and company advertising. The report may be published in full as technical documentation on the Internet with the written consent of eco-INSTITUT Germany GmbH. eco-INSTITUT Germany GmbH has recommended that the manufacturer repeats the test after 3 years at the latest. Further information at www.eco-institut.de/en/advertising





Content

Sample View.....	3
Statement of conformity with VOC- and CMR- regulation.....	4
Summary statement of conformity with VOC- and CMR- regulation.....	5
Déclaration de conformité avec les critères du COV décret et du CMR arrêté	6
Résumé de la déclaration de conformité	7
Laboratory report.....	8
1 Emission analysis.....	8
1.1 Sample A002, Volatile organic compounds after 28 days	9
1.2 Phthalates (test chamber).....	11
Appendix.....	12
Sampling sheet.....	12
Definition of terms.....	13
Commentary on emission analysis.....	15
Explanation of Specific Emission Rate SER.....	16

Sample View

Internal sample number (filled in by laboratory)

60740-A002

Photo of the test specimen: A002



Article designation according to order:

Ecoline Two (Artikel-Nr. 12000689)

Sample/batch number according to order:

0012098213

Type of sample:

Textil

Date of production:

19.05.2025

Sampling by:

Angelika Schmidt-Koch, Delius GmbH & Co. KG

Date of sampling:

02/02/2026

Location of sampling:

Spenge

Receipt of sample / Condition upon delivery:

03/02/2026 / without objection

Statement of conformity with VOC- and CMR- regulation

The sample with the internal sample number 60740-A002 has been tested on behalf of **DELIUS GmbH & Co. KG**. The article description according to the order is **Ecoline Two (Artikel-Nr. 12000689)**.

This evaluation bases on the test criteria of the decree no. 2011-321 of 23rd March 2011 (VOC regulation) and executive decisions of 28th May 2009 and 30th April 2009 (CMR regulation) of the French Ministry of Ecology, Sustainable Development, Transport and Housing.

The results documented in the test report were evaluated as follows.¹

VOC regulation

Emission analysis	Concentration (Test chamber air) [µg/m³]	Class			
		after 28 days	C	B	A
Formaldehyde	< 2	> 120	< 120	< 60	< 10
Acetaldehyde	< 2	> 400	< 400	< 300	< 200
Toluene	< 1	> 600	< 600	< 450	< 300
Tetrachlorethylene	< 1	> 500	< 500	< 350	< 250
Xylene	< 1	> 400	< 400	< 300	< 200
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 1	> 2000	< 2000	< 1500	< 1000
1,4-Dichlorbenzene	< 1	> 120	< 120	< 90	< 60
Ethylbenzene	< 1	> 1500	< 1500	< 1000	< 750
2-Butoxyethanol	< 1	> 2000	< 2000	< 1500	< 1000
Styrene	< 1	> 500	< 500	< 350	< 250
TVOC_{tot}	22	> 2000	< 2000	< 1500	< 1000

CMR regulation

Emission analysis	Concentration (Test chamber air) [µg/m³]	Requirement
		[µg/m³]
Substance	after 28 days	after 28 days
Benzene	< 1	< 1
Trichlorethylene	< 1	< 1
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP)	< 1	< 1
Dibutyl phthalate (DBP)	< 1	< 1

¹ If a measurement result that slightly exceeds the specification is assessed as “not fulfilled”, this is based on the agreement of the “shared risk of measurement uncertainty (shared risk approach)”. According to this, the probability that the statement is correct is $\geq 50\%$. Similarly, a result slightly below the specification value also only has a probability of $\geq 50\%$ of being compliant. I.e., the risk of making a false negative statement regarding the fulfilment of the specification is just as high as the risk of making a false positive statement (more information at https://www.eco-institut.de/en/2019/07/measurement_uncertainty/).

Remark: It is not permitted to publish extracts of this report and the comments on the first page of this report apply.



Summary statement of conformity with VOC- and CMR- regulation

The sample with the internal sample number 60740-A002, article description according to order: **Ecoline Two (Artikel-Nr. 12000689)**, meets the requirements of the **Class A+** of the decree no. 2011-321 of 23rd March 2011 (VOC regulation) and executive decisions of 28th May 2009 and 30th April 2009 (CMR regulation) of the French Ministry of Ecology, Sustainable Development, Transport and Housing.

Cologne, 23/03/2026

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'M. Klees'.

Marten Klees,
(Project management)

Déclaration de conformité avec les critères du COV décret et du CMR arrêté

L'échantillon avec le numéro d'échantillon interne 60740-A002 a été testé sous la responsabilité du **DELIUS GmbH & Co. KG**. La description de l'article selon la commande est **Ecoline Two (Artikel-Nr. 12000689)**.

Cette évaluation est basée sur les critères du décret n° 2011-321 du 23 mars 2011 (COV décret) et arrêté du 28 mai 2009 et 30 avril 2009 (CMR arrêté) par le Ministère de l'écologie, du développement durable, des transports et du logement.

Les résultats documentés dans le rapport du test sont évalués comme suit.²

COV décret

Analyse des émissions	Concentration (air de la chambre d'essai) [µg/m³]	Classe			
		C	B	A	A+
Substance	au bout de 28 jours				
Formaldéhyde	< 2	> 120	< 120	< 60	< 10
Acétaldéhyde	< 2	> 400	< 400	< 300	< 200
Toluène	< 1	> 600	< 600	< 450	< 300
Tétrachloréthylène	< 1	> 500	< 500	< 350	< 250
Xylène	1	> 400	< 400	< 300	< 200
1,2,4-Triméthylbenzène	< 1	> 2000	< 2000	< 1500	< 1000
1,4-Dichlorobenzène	< 1	> 120	< 120	< 90	< 60
Ethylbenzène	< 1	> 1500	< 1500	< 1000	< 750
2-Butoxyéthanol	< 1	> 2000	< 2000	< 1500	< 1000
Styrène	< 1	> 500	< 500	< 350	< 250
COV_{tot}	22	> 2000	< 2000	< 1500	< 1000

CMR arrêté

Analyse des émissions	Concentration (air de la chambre d'essai) [µg/m³]	Valeur limite [µg/m³]
		au bout de 28 jours
Substance	au bout de 28 jours	au bout de 28 jours
Benzène	< 1	< 1
Trichloréthylène	< 1	< 1
Phthalate de bis (2-éthylhexyle) (DEHP)	< 1	< 1
Phthalate de dibutyle (DBP)	< 1	< 1

² Si un résultat de mesure dépasse légèrement les exigences et est évalué "non conforme", cette évaluation se base sur l'accord du "risque partagé d'incertitude de mesure (Shared Risk-Ansatz)". La probabilité que la déclaration soit correcte est ensuite $\geq 50\%$. De même, un résultat légèrement inférieur à la valeur requise n'est conforme qu'avec une probabilité de $\geq 50\%$. Cela signifie que le risque de faire une fausse déclaration négative pour satisfaire à l'exigence est aussi élevé que le risque de faire une fausse déclaration positive (plus d'informations sur https://www.eco-nstitut.de/en/2019/07/measurement_uncertainty/).

Résumé de la déclaration de conformité

L'échantillon avec le numéro d'échantillon interne 60740-A002, description de l'article selon la commande: **Ecoline Two (Artikel-Nr. 12000689)**, correspond aux exigences de la **classification A+** sur les critères du décret n° 2011-321 du 23 mars 2011 (COV décret) et arrêté du 28 mai 2009 et 30 avril 2009 (CMR arrêté) par le Ministère de l'écologie, du développement durable, des transports et du logement.

Cologne, 23/03/2026

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "M. Klees".

Marten Klees,
(direction du projet)

Laboratory report

1 Emission analysis

Test method

DIN EN 16516:2020-10

Testing and evaluation of the release of dangerous substances;
determination of emissions into indoor air

A002, Preparation of test specimen

Date:

09/02/2026

Test specimen preparation:

Sample cut to size; transfer of the test specimen into the test chamber immediately after preparation

Masking of backside:

yes

Masking of edges:

not applicable

Relationship of unmasked edges to surface:

not applicable

Arrangement in test chamber:

on tripod

Loading reference unit:

area-specific [m²]

Dimensions:

35.4 cm x 35.4 cm

A002, Test chamber conditions according to DIN EN ISO 16000-9:2024-08

Chamber volume:

0.125 m³

Temperature:

23 °C ± 1 °C

Relative humidity:

50 % ± 5 %

Air pressure:

normal

Air:

cleaned

Air change rate:

0.5 h⁻¹

Air velocity:

0.3 m/s

Loading:

1.0 m²/m³

Specific air flow rate:

0.5 m³/(m²·h)

Starting time of the test (t₀):

09/02/2026

Air sampling:

09/03/2026 (28 days after test chamber loading)

1.1 Sample A002, Volatile organic compounds after 28 days

Test objective:

Volatile organic compounds according to „Arrêté du 19 avril 2011 relatif à l'étiquetage des produits de construction ou de revêtement de mur ou de sol et des peintures et vernis sur leurs émissions de polluants volatils“ (french VOC-regulation, 10 substances) and „Arrêté du 30 avril 2009 relatif aux conditions de mise sur le marché des produits de construction et de décoration contenant des substances cancérigènes, mutagènes ou reprotoxiques de catégorie 1 ou 2“ (french CMR-regulation, 2 substances), test chamber, air sampling 28 days after test chamber loading

Method description / Analytics:

Formaldehyde and other carbonyl compounds:	DIN ISO 16000-3:2023-12 (DNPH method, HPLC-DAD)
Limit of quantification:	2 µg/m ³
Volatile organic compounds:	DIN ISO 16000-6:2022-03 (Tenax TA®, TD-GC-MS)
Limit of quantification calibrated substances:	1 µg/m ³

Test result:

Internal sample number: | 60740-A002

	Substance	CAS No.	RT [min]	Concentration+ (test chamber air) substances ≥ 1 µg/m ³ after 28 days DNPH ≥ 2 µg/m ³ after 28 days [µg/m ³]	Toluene- equivalent substances ≥ 5 µg/m ³ after 28 days [µg/m ³]
	Aromatic hydrocarbons				
VOC	Toluene	108-88-3		< 1	< 5
VOC	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4		< 1	< 5
VOC	Xylene, mix of o-, m- and p-Xylene isomers	1330-20-7		< 1	< 5
VOC	p-Xylene (including m-Xylene)	106-42-3	10.57	1	< 5
VOC	o-Xylene	95-47-6		< 1	< 5
VOC	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6		< 1	< 5
VOC	Styrene	100-42-5		< 1	< 5
	Glycols, Glycol ethers, Glycol esters				
VOC	Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (2-Butoxyethanol)	111-76-2		< 1	< 5
	Aldehydes				
WVOC	Acetaldehyde	75-07-0		< 2	n. d.
WVOC	Formaldehyde	50-00-0		< 2	n. d.

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	Substance	CAS No.	RT	Concentration+ (test chamber air)	Toluene- equivalent
			[min]	substances $\geq 1 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ after 28 days DNPH $\geq 2 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ after 28 days [$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$]	substances $\geq 5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ after 28 days [$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$]
	Other identified substances in addition to LCI list				
VOC	Benzene	71-43-2		< 1	< 5
VOC	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7		< 1	< 5
VOC	Trichloroethene	79-01-6		< 1	< 5
VOC	Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4		< 1	< 5

+ identified and calibrated substances, substance specific calculated
 n.d. = not determinable

TVOC, Total volatile organic compounds	Concentration after 28 days [$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$]	SERa [$\mu\text{g}/(\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{h})$]
Sum of VOC according to DIN ISO 16000-6	22	11

1.2 Phthalates (test chamber)

Test parameter:

Determination of Phthalates from the test chamber, air sampling 28 days after test chamber loading

Test method:

Analytics: | DIN ISO 16000-33:2025-06
| DIN ISO 16000-6:2022-03

Test result:

Internal sample number	Substance	Concentration (test chamber air) [µg/m ³]	Limit of quantification (test chamber air) [µg/m ³]
60740-A002	Dibutyl phthalate (DBP)	< LOQ	1
	Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP)	< LOQ	1

< LOQ = Value below limit of quantification

Cologne, 23/03/2026



Michael Stein, Dipl.-Chem.
(Laboratory Management)



Appendix

Sampling sheet



Probenahmebegleitblatt

Bitte möglichst alle Felder ausfüllen. Sind die mit einem * gekennzeichneten Felder nicht ausgefüllt, können die Prüfstücke nicht zur Laborprüfung angenommen werden.

60740-A002

Bitte pro Probe ein Probenahmebegleitblatt ausfüllen! Die Probenahmeanleitung ist unbedingt einzuhalten!

Auftrag erteilt durch* <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Name des Herstellerbetriebes <input type="checkbox"/> Name des Vertriebs (wenn abweichend vom Herstellerbetrieb)	Dellius GmbH & Co. KG Angelika Schmidt-Koch	Prüflabor eco-INSTITUT Germany GmbH Schanzenstr. 6-20, Carlswerk 1.19 D - 51063 Köln Tel. +49 (0)221 - 931245-0 Fax +49 (0)221 - 931245-33
		Probenahme durch* (Name, Firma, Telefon) Angelika Schmidt-Koch Dellius GmbH & Co. KG
		Probenahmeort* Spenge
Prüfstück-/Artikelbezeichnung* Artikel-Nr. Modell / Programm / Serie	Ecoline Two 12000689 	Probenart (z.B. Holzwerkstoff, Bodenbelag) Proben-/Chargen-Nr.* Produktionsdatum der Charge*
		Textil 0012098213 19.05.2025
Probe entnommen aus <input type="checkbox"/> Fertigung <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lager <input type="checkbox"/> Sonstiges	Lagerort Spenge	Datum der Probenahme* 2.2.2026 Lagerung vor der Probenahme <input type="checkbox"/> offen <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> verpackt Verpackungsmaterial Folie
ggf. zusätzliche Angaben / Besonderheiten zur Probenahme / Unklarheiten, Fragen, mögliche negative Einflüsse durch Emissionen am Probenahmeort - z.B. Kontaminationen während der Produktion/Lagerung		

Bestätigung*
 Hiermit wird durch die Unterzeichnung (**Probenahme**) die Richtigkeit der oben gemachten Angaben bestätigt.

Datum (dd/mm/yyyy)

Unterschrift Angelika Schmidt-Koch



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 eco-institut.de / eco-institut-label.de / Geschäftsführer: Dr. Frank Kuebart, Daniel Tigges / HRB 17917 / USt-ID: DE122653308

Definition of terms

CAS No. (Chemical Abstracts Service)	International designation standard for chemical substances
CMR	VOCs, VVOCs and SVOCs classified as carcinogenic, mutagenic or toxic for reproduction according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, TRGS 905, IARC list and DFG (MAK list)
Limit of quantification (LOQ)	Lower limit of quantification in the analytical method within the defined measurement uncertainty
NIK / LCI	Lowest concentration of interest; substance-specific value for health assessment of emissions from products, indicated in $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
RT (retention time)	Total time required for an analyte to pass the column (time between injection and detection of the analyte)
R value	Sum of quotients of concentration and LCI value for all substances for which a LCI value is derived
R value according to AgBB	R-value for all substances $\geq 5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ with LCI value, calculated according to the LCI list of the AgBB scheme
R-value according to Belgian regulation	R-value for all substances $\geq 5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ with LCI-value, calculated according to the LCI-list of the Belgian regulation
R value according to eco-INSTITUT-Label	R-value for all substances $\geq 1 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ with LCI value, calculated according to the LCI list of the AgBB scheme
R value according to EU-LCI	R-value for all substances $\geq 5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ with EU-LCI value, calculated according to the EU-LCI list of the European Commission
SER	Specific emission rate (see "Explanation of Specific Emission Rate SER")
SVOC (semi volatile organic compound)	Organic compound eluting in the retention range > C16 (n-hexadecane) to C22 (docosane)
Toluene equivalent	Concentration of a substance quantified by the TIC response factor of toluene (calculation of the concentration by comparing the integral of the substance with the integral of toluene)
TSVOC	Sum of the concentrations of all identified and unidentified semi volatile organic compounds eluting in the retention range > C16 (n-hexadecane) to C22 (docosane)
TSVOC according to DIN EN 16516	Sum of all SVOC $\geq 5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (as toluene equivalent)
TSVOC with LCI according to AgBB	Sum of all SVOC with LCI $\geq 5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (quantified substance-specific)
TSVOC with LCI according to eco-INSTITUT-Label	Sum of all SVOC with LCI $\geq 1 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (quantified substance-specific)
TSVOC without LCI according to AgBB	Sum of all SVOC without LCI $\geq 5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (as toluene equivalent)
TSVOC without LCI according to eco-INSTITUT label	Sum of all calibrated SVOC without LCI $\geq 1 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (quantified substance-specific) and all non-calibrated SVOC without LCI $\geq 1 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (as toluene equivalent)
TVOC	Sum of the concentrations of all identified and unidentified volatile organic compounds eluting in the retention range from C6 (n-hexane) to C16 (n-hexadecane)

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TVOC according to DIN EN 16516	Sum of all VOC $\geq 5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ in the retention range C6 to C16, calculated as toluene equivalent (used i.a. for M1)
TVOC according to AgBB	Sum of all VOCs with LCI $\geq 5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (quantified substance-specific) and all VOCs without LCI $\geq 5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (as toluene equivalent) (used i.a. for the Blue Angel)
TVOC according to eco-INSTITUT-Label	Sum of all calibrated VOC $\geq 1 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (quantified substance-specific) and all non-calibrated VOC $\geq 1 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (as toluene equivalent) (used i.a. for natureplus)
TVOC according to ISO 16000-6	Total area of the chromatogram in the retention range C6 - C16 as toluene equivalent according to DIN ISO 16000-6, Annex A.1 item 3 (used i.a. for CDPH, BIFMA and the French VOC regulation)
TVOC without LCI according to AgBB	Sum of all VOCs without LCI $\geq 5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as toluene equivalent
TVOC without LCI according to eco-INSTITUT-Label	Sum of all calibrated VOCs without LCI $\geq 1 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (quantified substance-specific) and all non-calibrated VOCs without LCI $\geq 1 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (as toluene equivalent)
TVVOC	Sum of the concentrations of all identified and unidentified very volatile organic compounds eluting in the retention range $< \text{C6}$ (n-hexane)
TVVOC according to AgBB	Sum of all VVOC with LCI $\geq 5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (quantified substance-specific) and all VVOC without LCI $\geq 5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (as toluene equivalent)
TVVOC according to eco-INSTITUT-Label	Sum of all calibrated VVOC $\geq 1 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (substance-specific quantified) and all non-calibrated VVOC $\geq 1 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (as toluene equivalent)
VOC (volatile organic compound)	Organic compound eluting in the retention range from C6 (n-hexane) to C16 (n-hexadecane)
VVOC (very volatile organic compound)	Organic compound eluting in the retention range $< \text{C6}$ (n-hexane)

Commentary on emission analysis

Test method

Measurement of the volatile organic compounds takes place in the test chamber in conditions similar to those applying in practice. Standardised test conditions are defined for the test chamber regarding loading, air exchange, relative humidity, temperature, and incoming air, based on the type of test specimen and the required guideline. These conditions and the underlying standards are to be found in the section on test methods in the laboratory report.

Air samples are taken from the test chamber at defined points in time during the continuously running test. To this end, approximately 5 L of air are collected from the test chamber at an air flow rate of 100 mL/min on Tenax and approx. 100 L at an air flow rate of 0.8 L/min on silica gel coated with DNPH (2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine).

After thermal desorption, the substances adsorbed on Tenax are analysed using gas chromatographic separation and mass spectrometric determination. The gas chromatographic separation is performed with a slightly polar capillary column of 60 m in length.

The substances derivatised with DNPH for the determination of formaldehyde and other short-chain carbonyl compounds (C1 - C6) are analysed using high-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC).

Over 200 compounds, including volatile organic compounds (C6 - C16), semi-volatile organic compounds (C16 - C22) and – insofar as possible with this method – also very volatile organic compounds (less than C6) are determined and quantified individually.

All other substances – insofar as possible – are identified through comparison with a library of spectra. The quantification of these substances and non-identified substances is performed through a comparison of their signal area with the signal of toluene.

The determined substance concentrations are corrected using the recovery rate of the internal standard (toluene-d8). Identification and quantification of substances is carried out from a concentration (limit of quantification) of 1 µg per m³ test chamber air or 2 µg/m³ for DNPH-derivatised substances. In the case of highly loaded samples, the evaluation limit of non-calibrated substances is raised in some cases, as it is no longer possible to assign individual, small signals due to the large number of signals.

Quality assurance

The eco-INSTITUT Germany GmbH is granted flexible scope of accreditation pursuant to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2018-03. The accreditation covers the analytical determination of all volatile organic compounds, including the test chamber method.

In each analysis the analytical system is checked using an external standard based on the specifications in standard DIN EN 16516:2020-10. The stability of the analytical systems is documented based on the test standard using control charts.

Laboratory performance is assessed at least once a year in inter-laboratory comparisons by comparing the results with those obtained by other laboratories for identical samples.

A blank is run prior to introducing the test specimen into the test chamber to check for the possible presence of volatile organic compounds.

The expanded measurement uncertainty U for the analytical determination of all volatile organic compounds, including the test chamber method, is estimated to 29.3 % (k=2). The calculation is based on DIN ISO 11352:2013-03 (Nordtest).

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Explanation of Specific Emission Rate SER

Emission measurements are accomplished in test chambers under defined physical conditions (temperature, relative humidity, room loading, air change rate etc.).

Test chamber measurement results are directly comparable only if the investigations were accomplished under the same basic conditions.

If the differences of the physical conditions refer only to the change of air rate and/or the loading, the "SER" or "specific emission rate" can be used for comparability of the measurement results. The SER indicates how many volatile organic compounds (VOC) are released by the sample for each material unit and hour (h).

The SER can be calculated using the formula below for each proven individual component of the VOC from the data in the test report.

As material units the following are applicable:

l = unit of length (m)	relation between emission and length
a = unit area (m ²)	relation between emission and surface
v = unit volume (m ³)	relation between emission and volume
u = piece unit (unit = piece)	relation between emission and complete unit

From this the different dimensions for SER result:

length-specific	SER _l	in µg/(m·h)
surface-specific	SER _a	in µg/(m ² ·h)
volume-specific	SER _v	in µg/(m ³ ·h)
unit-specific	SER _u	in µg/(u·h)

SER thus represents a product specific rate, which describes the mass of the volatile organic compound, which is emitted by the product per time unit at a certain time after beginning of the examination.

$$\text{SER} = q \cdot c$$

- q specific air flow rate (quotient from change of air rate and loading)
c concentration of the measured substance(s)

The result can be indicated in milligrams (mg) in place of micro grams (µg), whereby 1 mg = 1000 µg.